

9/11/2008

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



PRODUCT / MATERIAL: GLAZE
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SECTION I - PRODUCT INFORMATION

TRADE NAME: EM8074
SYNONYM: ELEPHANT GRAY
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Ceramic Blend

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT NAME	Maximum Percent	CAS NUMBER	OSHA PEL TWA: (mg/m3)	NIOSH REL TWA: (mg/m3)	ACGIH TLV TWA: (mg/m3)
Calcium Carbonate	1	1317-65-3	5	5	10
Chromium or Chromium Compounds	5	7440-47-3	0.5	0.001	0.5
Cobalt or Cobalt Compounds	5	7440-48-4	0.1		0.02
Iron Oxide, as fume	5	1309-37-1	10		5
Nickel or Nickel Compounds	5	7440-02-0	1	0.015	0.2
Silica, Crystalline (Quartz)	9	14808-60-7	10 mg/m3 / %SiO2 + 2	0.05	0.05
Talc (non asbestiform)	17	14807-96-6	20 mppcf		2
Tin or Tin Compounds	5	7440-31-5	2	2	
Zirconium or Zirconium Compounds	10	7440-67-7	5		5

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (°F) Not Applicable
VAPOR PRESSURE Not Applicable
VAPOR DENSITY Not Applicable
SOLUBILITY IN WATER Insoluble
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.7 – 3.7
PERCENT VOLATILE BY WEIGHT 0
EVAPORATION RATE 0
APPEARANCE AND ODOR Color varies between moist and dry state; no odor.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT Not Flammable
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA Water
UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS None
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES None

**SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA**

STABILITY FACTOR	Product is stable.
INCOMPATIBILITY	None
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	None. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Inhalation of dust.

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

♦ Calcium Carbonate

Overexposure may result in irritation to eyes, skin and respiratory system. Chronic exposure may result in hypercalcemia, alkalosis, and renal impairment. Animal studies suggest that inhalation may enhance susceptibility to respiratory infection.

♦ Chromium or Chromium Compounds

Odorless, nonflammable green powder which can cause skin, eye, and respiratory irritation. May have adverse effects if ingested. Long-term exposure may adversely affect the lungs. Avoid breathing dusts.

♦ Cobalt or Cobalt Compounds

Exposure to cobalt compounds may cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. Dust from handling can cause irritation of nose and throat. Prolonged exposure could cause serious respiratory illness and lung damage. Sensitized persons may develop wheezing and shortness of breath. Can also cause an allergic skin rash in some individuals. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation.

♦ Iron Oxide, as fume

Skin contact may cause mechanical irritation due to the abrasion. Eye contact will result in no specific effects other than general particulate irritation in the eye. Not absorbed by the body. Excessive exposure can give mild pulmonary irritation.

♦ Nickel or Nickel Compounds

Nickel dust or fume can cause sensitization dermatitis and may cause cancer of the paranasal sinuses and the lungs. Nickel fumes are respiratory irritants and may cause pneumonitis. Skin contact may cause an allergic skin rash. Material causes eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Dust from handling can cause irritation of nose and throat. Prolonged exposure could cause serious respiratory illness and lung damage. Sensitized persons may develop wheezing and shortness of breath. Can also cause an allergic skin rash in some individuals. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation.

♦ Silica, Crystalline (Quartz)

A single exposure will not result in serious adverse health effects. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Silicosis may be progressive; it may lead to disability and death. Crystalline silica (quartz) inhaled from occupational sources is classified as carcinogenic to humans. There are some studies that show excess numbers of cases of scleroderma and other connective tissue disorders in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. Silicosis increases the risk of tuberculosis. There are some studies that show an increased incidence of chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica.

♦ Talc (non asbestiform)

Fibrotic pneumoconiosis; irritation eyes.

◆ Tin or Tin Compounds

Chronic exposure to Tin Oxide fumes or dust may result in Stannosis, a form of Pneumoconiosis.

◆ Zirconium or Zirconium Compounds

Skin, lung granulomas; in animals: irritation skin, mucous membrane; X-ray evidence of retention in lungs.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY:	Inhalation (dry form only), ingestion and dermal.
SUMMARY OF RISKS:	Individuals with a lung disease/condition (e.g.: bronchitis, emphysema, chronic pulmonary disease) can be aggravated by exposure.
EMERGENCY FIRST AID:	No specific first aid is necessary since the adverse health effects associated with this compound results from chronic exposures.
Eye Contact	May be an irritant, flush eyes with generous amounts of water for at least 15 minutes; call a physician if irritation persists.
Skin Contact	May cause local dermatitis, which is relieved when removed.
Ingestion	Toxicity due to ingestion is low.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, call a physician if irritation due to inhalation persists.
Physician's Note	None.

SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Spills or Release Procedure	Follow normal clean-up procedures. Care should be taken to avoid causing dust to become airborne. Vacuum or use wet clean-up techniques.
Waste Disposal Procedure	Dispose material in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations.

SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES

Provide adequate ventilation to keep dust or vapor concentrations below acceptable exposure limits. Use gloves as needed for handling material containers. Wear safety glasses when needed. Appropriate respiratory protection may be required to protect from certain dusts. Respirators must be selected and used in accordance with OSHA Subpart 1 of (29 CFR 1910.134).

SECTION IX - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product (and all of it's components) is in compliance with the U.S. EPA 15 U.S. C.2604 regulation.

This product is certified as NON-TOXIC, and conforms to ASTM D-4236 and C-1023 under the federal Labeling of Hazardous Art Materials Act (LHAMA). Specific Toxicology information on materials is available upon request.

**SECTION X - REGULATORY**

This product may contain materials that are reportable under Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act – SARA), and 40 CFR Part 372.

SARA Title III Data:

Chromium or Chromium Compounds	<	5 %
Cobalt or Cobalt Compounds	<	5 %
Nickel or Nickel Compounds	<	5 %

These levels are "typical quantities" and may change slightly with different lots.

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS SUBSTANCES REGULATED UNDER CALIFORNIA'S SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT (PROPOSITION 65).

SECTION XI - DISCLAIMER

The information provided in this MSDS document has been provided to Laguna Clay Company by its material suppliers and is represented by those suppliers as accurate and reliable.

Laguna Clay Company is not liable for injury, loss, or damage, direct or consequential, arising out of the use or inability to properly use this product. This product is intended only for use in traditional ceramic applications.

This MSDS conforms to the ASTM D-4236 and C-1023 requirements defined by LHAMA, the Federal Labeling of Hazardous Art Materials Act. LHAMA was developed by the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) to ensure the proper labeling of art materials.